Senators Give Their Views On the Meaning of Morrison's Resolution.

STRINGS OF FIGURES AND FACTS.

An Effort to Fix the Time of Adjournment Fails-The House Reaches No Conclusion in Editor Cutting's Case.

Work of the Senate. WASHINGTON, August 4.-Mr. from the committee on library, reported a joint resolution accepting from William H. Vanderbilt and Julia Dent Grant articles of virtu and art presented by the various foreign governments to the late U. S. Grant. They are accepted "with grateful acknowledgment," and are to be held by the United States and preserved and protected in the national museum for the use and inspection of the people of the United States. Passed. The senate bill extending the system of Immediate delivery to all articles bearing an

"immediate delivery stamp" was passed. On motion of Mr. Hoar the senate took up the vetord pension bill of Margaret D. Marchand. the question being on its passage notwithstanding the president's objections. After a brief debate the bill was postponed

until the next session.

Mr. Sewell then called up the nouse bill granting to the same lady the same pension and it was passed.

Mr. Allison again called up the adjourn-ment resolution and offered an amendment so as to make the hour 10 o'clock to-

night.
Mr. Kenna hoped that action would not be forced on the resolution. Bills had just been sent to the president that he could not read in three days, among them the river and harbor bill, which would require a day to go through it. He did not know that the presi-dent wanted an hour or whether he wanted

four or five days.

""" Mr. McMilian expressed the hope that the resolution would not be acted on now.

Mr. Hoar inquired whether the president was at the capitol now, as had been the custom of other presidents at the close of the session. It so he might be communicated with on the supject. with on the subject.

Mr. Sewell said he had understood from the

secretary of war that the president would be at the capitol to-day.

Mr. Cullom thought that if congress were to adjourn at all the time should now be fixed if business should be proceeded with in an

orderly manner. Mr. Conger opposed the amendment. He understood why there was an urgency to press adjournment, so the president would not have time to examine the river and harbor bill. The president ought to have sufficient time, and the friends of the bill understood

it too. They were prepared to give time to the executive to have a decent reasonable examination of the very important bill, and so far as he (Conger) could help, the president would have it. Senators were hired by the year to do the work of the country, and should they not, in the interest of public business, give two or three days more time when the con-stituents of most of them demanded it? If he knew of any means which would compel congress to stay, he would exercise that means, and he thought he could, if necessary, enter-tain the senate for eight or nine hours.

The senate then took up the vetoed pension bill of John S. Williams and was addressed by Mr. Plumb in its favor. After a long disssion a vote was taken on the passage of the bill and resulted—yeas, 19; nays, 15. No On motion of Mr. Cullom the joint resolu-

tion for the acceptance of lands near Chicago for military purposes was made the special order for first Tuesday of the next session. Mr. Allison from the conference committee on the surplus resolution, submitted a report. He presented a summary of the effects of the resolution if it should become a law. The statement of the assets and liabilities of the statement of the assets and liabilities of the treasury on the 31st of July showed a balance of about \$80,000,000 as against a balance of \$75,000,000 on the 30th of June, so that there was at this moment (beyond \$100,000,000 in gold dedicated to the redemption of greenbacks and beyond the working balance agreed to by the resolution) a surplus of \$60,000,000 in the treasury to be applied to the payment of the public debt. The receipts from customs and internal revenue for the month of July this year exceeded by about \$3,000,000 the receipts for July last by about \$3,000,000 the receipts for July last year. He thought that it might safely be as-sumed that the revenue for the current year would exceed that of last year by \$10,000,000. The total amount of appropriations for the year (excluding the fortilleation bill and including the river and harbor bill, \$14,473,000) was \$204,783,579, against \$210,595,285 for last year, an increase (excluding the river and harbor bill) of about \$33,000,000. Of that increase \$16,000,000 were in pensions and \$9,000,000 in deficiencies. For the ordinary expenses of the government this year the appropriations exceeded last year's by \$2,547,829. If all the appropriations propriations exceeded last year's by \$2,547, \$29. If all the appropriations were expended during the present iscal year, and the rev-enues should be the same as last year and no more, there would still be a surplus of about \$47,000,000 over and above the expendi-tures, not including the sinking fund. With surplus over and above liabilities, and 860 000,000 of the present balance of \$80,000,000, he calculated there would be paid (under the joint resolution) \$107,500,000 on the public debt during the current fiscal year.

Mr. Beck suggested that the revenues

from customs and internal revenue would probably be 15 or 20 cent more than last year.

Mr. Allison preferred to take the treasury estimate, which was that the revenues would be increased by \$25,000,000 or \$30,000,000. Mr. Beck—Last year the actual revenue ran \$25,000,000 or \$30,000,000 more than the

treasury estimates.

Mr. Allison—Soit did. I desire to emphasize this statement. Assuming that the revenues are the same as last year and that the expendare the same as last year and that the expenditures are kept within the appropriations (which are \$35,000,000 more than last year), there will be paid during the current iscal year \$107,500,000 on the public debt, or within \$29,000,000 of all the debt that can be paid until 1891. Judging by the past no detriments likely to occur if this joint resolution shall become a law. By this resolution \$100,000 in gold has been absolutely devoted and dedicated to the payment of United States notes and for no other purpose whatever, so that, keeping in mind that we are to have a law (in this joint resolution) which will put it out of the power of the secretary of the treasury to touch one dollar of that \$100,000,000 save for the purpose of redeeming United States notes, and considering the fact that we had on the 1st of August over and above that amount in gold, August over and above that amount in gold, money and bullion of about \$50,000,000, we can (as I have said) apply \$107,000,000 in this

iscal year to the payment of the public debt.

Mr. Beck dissented altogether from Mr.
Allison's assumption that by the joint resolution any dedication of \$100,000,000 or any change of law whatever in relation to the reserve for United States notes. What the the law was before in that respect it still remained.

mr. Allison—Then you mean to say that the dedication was a law before.

Mr. Beck—If \$100,000,000 was deducted before, it is now. If not, it is not. I do not consider that it was. It stands just as it did. We will argue that point hereafter when the mastless comes up. In regard to dedication. question comes up in regard to dedication.

In the mean time we ought to use all the available money in the treasury to pay off the public debt, and if we cannot do that the country will demand a reduction of taxation.

Mr. Edmunds agreed with Mr. Beck that all the available palance in the treasury.

Mr. Edmunds agreed with Mr. Beck that all the available balance in the treasury should be used to reduce the public debt, if that could be done with safety to the public interest, and that was all that the senator from Kentucky meant. He differed from that senator most decidedly, however, in regard to what the joint resolution meant. It had been open to doubt and dispute heretofore whether \$100,000,000 in gold coin (not silver) was required to be held in the treasury (as it in fact was held) for the redemption of United States notes. By this resolution it was devoted formally and absolutely to that purpose. He agreed with the senator from Lewa that for the first time in the legislation of the country the house of representatives, rising to the importance of the occasion, and building (he would not say better than it knew) but as well as it knew, had expressly declared that there must be hererafter (by force of positive law) held in the treasury in gold \$100,000,000 for the redemption of United States notes, and that that reserve must be kept up all the time. All that had been done besides is to stimulate the secretary of the treasury to do that which his predecessors have done—reduce the public debt as fast as it is safe to do it.

Mr. Call declared that if he had supposed that the effect of the joint resolution would be Mr. Call declared that if he had supposed

the effect of the joint resolution would be

STILL DISCUSSING SURPLUS. to dedicate this \$100,000,000 absolutely to that purpose, he would have voted against it. The conference report was agreed to without division, and the senate, rejecting a motion to go into executive session, adjourned.

The House Proceedings. WASHINGTON, August 4.-The senate amendments to the fortification appropriation bill were non-concurred in, and Messrs. Forney, Randall and Butterworth were appoint-

Mr. Morrison, of Illinois, called up the conference report on the surplus joint resolution. Mr. Morrison thought the resolution as i passed the house had been a wise and conservative measure. The resolution as agreed upon by the committee in conference was t seemed to him not so good a measure, yet in the present condition of the treasury and bonded debt it would accom plish all that would have been done under the solution as it passed the house.

Mr. Weaver, of Ioawa, opposed the confer-

nce report. Mr. Hewitt, of New York, said those who Mr. Hewitt, of New York, said those who asked for this measure were voting for a measure which would bring the country a silver basis as surely as the sun would rise to-morrow. This resolution served notice upon men who owned the property of the country that there was to be a transfer from a gold to a silver basis, by which 25 per cent of all the property of the country would change hands without the consent of the owners.

Mr. Bland of Missouri, spoke against the report of the conferces and Mr. Breckenridge of Kentucky, defended it. Although he was

report of the conferees and Mr. Breckenridge of Kentucky, defended it. Although he was in favor of the original house resolution, yet if he could not get a whole loaf he was willing to take half a loaf.

Mr. Hiscock of New York, would vote for the adoption of the conference report. When the proposition was presented, which was so conservative that he could see no danger in it, he believed it to be the part of wisdom to accept.

cept. Messrs. Cannon, of Illinois, and Brown, of Messrs. Cannon, of Illinois, and Brown, of Indiana, favored the conterence report, though they regretted that the resolution had not been passed in its original shape.

The report was adopted—yeas, 120; nays,

Mr. Oates, of Alabama, asked unanimous onsent to report from the judiciary commit-tee and to have immediately considered the resolution deciding that it is alleged that the president and directors of the Union Pacific railroad company, without the consent of congress and in violation of law, issued in 1883 5 and 6 per good collateral trust bands. 1883 5 and 6 per cent collateral trust bonds; that in 1883 and 1884 they paid dividends, notwithstanding the company at the time owed a gross floating debt of \$13,000,000, and that in 1883 and 1885 they guaranteed the interest of the bonds of the Oregon Short Line callroad company in violation of law; and empowering the judiciary committee, by sub-committee, to investigate these allega-tions and all facts relating thereto, to sit during the recess and to report to the house by bill or otherwise. Tabled. The report of the committee on foreign re-lations in regard to the Cutting case was then

presented by Chairman Belmont.

Mr. Hitt of Illinois said that the resolutions seemed to be the unanimous reresolutions seemed to be the manimous re-port of the committee on foreign affairs. The resolutions had been adopted by the committee yesterday when the correspond-ence upon which they were based was in manuscript and when the only information before the committee was contained in the report of the secretary of state. In that re-port it was stated that a demand, had been port it was stated that a demand had been made for the release of Cutting and that the Mexican government had refused to release him. Acting upon this he (Hitt) had assented to the resolutions. Since then he had read the correspondence, and instead of the Mexican government having refused the demand of the United States it had shown every spirit of compliance. There was no evasion, there was no defiance, there was no evasion, there was no defiance, there was very nearly humiliation in the tone of that feeble government before the demand of the secretary of state in the name of the

Mr. Crain, of Texas, said that so far from declining the offer to be released on bail, Cutting had been convic-ted and was now awaiting sentence. Mr. Hitt said congress had no official in-formation about that. He had heard three or four versions of that to-day from various newspapers and various persons, and one man had told him that Mexican authorities man had told him that Mexican authorities expected to get at the end of the case to-day, and that the man would be at liberty. But he did not know that there was a word of truth in any one of these stories. The government was doing in this case, what it had done in a hundred other cases, interfering to secure the release of one of its citizens. Could Mexico, like England, bring a fleet to bombard New York? No; and the gentlebombard New York? No: and the gentle-man's mind might suggest an answer to the question why, in the case of one country, matters were conducted slowly, and in the case of the other, great swiftness was used. He had confidence in the secretary of state. He believed that the secretary was competent to manage the diplomatic complication. The demand he had made had been answered in a friendly spirit. It was for our interest, it was for the sake of all nations, that we should preserve peace. The secretary knew he had preserve peace. The secretary knew he had the backing of all congress and all Americans in defending the rights of Americans every where. Never has there been an uncertain tone of voice uttered by this congress on that

subject, Mr. King, Louisiana, said that Consul Brigham was a constituent of his and he knew him to be a man of high standing and earning, and one fully qualified for the position he held.

Mr. Belmont of New York was somewhat

surprised that his colleague (Hitt) should have changed his opinion on this subject. His friend denied that Mexico had refused the demands of this country, but he could find no better authority than the secretary of state, and that officer had declared that Mex-ico had refused to release Cutting. He com-mented upon and denied the correctness of the position taken by Mexico and upon which the case hangs. he case hangs.

Pending further discussion the house adourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow.

THE BASE BALL RECORD. Lincoln Defeats Leadville By a Close

Score-Other Games. Lincoln, Neb., August 4,-[Special Telegram to the BEE. |-The first of the series of four games between the Lincoln and Lead ville clubs was played on the grounds of the home club to-day, and as the mascotte of the Lincoln club was in jail the home team were winners by a score of 5 to 4. Hifner pitched a fine game for Lincoln and was well sup-ported by Hoover behind the bat up to the ninth inning, when the game stood in favor of the visitors. But in the ninth Lincoln took courage, made two runs, and won the

OTHER GAMES.

AT PITTSBURG-

AT CINCINNATI-

Cincinnati......0 2 1 0 1 0 4 5 0-13
Baltimore.....1 2 0 0 5 7 1 0 *-16
Pitchers—Conway and Pechiney, Powell
and Corkhill. First base hits—Cincinnati 14,
Baltimore 14. Errors—Cincinnati 7, Baltimore S. Umpire—Walsh.
AT BOSTON—
Boston. 1 0 0 1 0 0 4 0 ** 6

Grain Dealers Fail. CitteAgo, August 4.—The grain commis mission firm of William R. Harvey & Co. has failed. The liabilities are large.

THE FARMERS ARE JUBILANT

An Average Crop of Small Grain and a Good Outlook For Corn.

TWENTY COUNTIES HEARD FROM.

How the Rain Will Benefit Corn, Although it Came Rather Late-High Prices Looked For This Fall.

|Specials to the Bee.1

Long Pine, Neb., August 4.—The rains have saved all the crops in Brown county that mature later than wheat. Wheat will average fifteen bushels per acre. The grain is somewhat shriveled but is hard. Corn has developed wonderfully since the rains set in s somewhat shrivered out is hard. leveloped wonderfully since the rains set in, but farmers are fearing too much rain. It will average forty bushels. Vegetables are doing well. A very large crop of potatoes is expected. As a rule farmers are feeling good over the prospects, for they have received a three-fifths crop of wheat and oats already. already.

BUFFALO COUNTY.

KEARNEY, Neb., August 4.—Wheat will average about fifteen bushels per acre and is extra fine in quality. The recent rains are just the thing for the corn crop. It came just in time to make the crop a very fine one and is not too much. The prospects are now that Buffalo county never had a finer corn crop than it will have this fall. The oats crop is only medium. Present indications are that the corn crop will be more than an average. Farmers are now feeling good and hope for better times.

SHELTON, Neb., August 4.—The wheat in eastern Buffalo county is nearly all in stack. The quality is good but the yield is below the average. The recent rains have insured us a heavy corn crop as to the early planting and

average. The recent rains have insured us a beavy corn crop as to the early planting and caused those who have late planting to smile at their prospects. The yield of corn will surely be forty and fifty bushels per acre. The other crops are looking fine. From present indications corn will average at least 70 per cent of a full crop. Farmers are feeling jubilant over the fature outlook.

BUTLER COUNTY.

BELLWOOD, Neb., August 4.—The oat crop BELLWOOD, Neb., August 4.—The oat crop is good and will average about seventy bush-els per acre. The wheat crop is a light aver-age—from ten to twenty bushels per acre. The present rains have made a vast improve-The present rains have made a vast improvement in corn and prospects are yet good. From present appearances the yield will be fully up to last season. The potato crop is bad, especially those that were planted late. The farmers, as near as I can judge, are perfectly satisfied and think they will come out all right. We have had abundance of rain. ULYSSES, Neb., August 4.—Wheat in this vicinity is yielding from ten to fourteen bushels per acre. Some oats have been threshed the average yield being about thirty bushels per acre. The recent rains have done wonders for the corn crop. Late corn has not been materially injured by the drouth. Early corn has greatly improved during the past week. Corn will average about seventy-nee per cent of the usual yield in this section. Farmers are feeling encouraged. Vegetables of all kinds are looking finely.

of all kinds are looking finely.

COLFAX COUNTY.

SCHUYLER, Neb., August 4.—Wheat will probably average fifteen bushels to the acre of medium quality. Oats thirty to thirty-five somewhat light. The potato yield will not be large. Recent rains have helped out the corn. Early planting will yield almost as much as usual though much of the late will be it only for earthe pasture. be fit only for cattle pasture,

WEST POINT, Neb., August 4.—Wheat will average about ten bushels to the acre. The quality is No.1. The recent rains have done quality is considered as a considered and considered and considered as a completely destroyed. The yield will be about thirty bushels. Oats will average forty about thirty bushels. We bushels, barley thirty and rye thirty. We will have seventy five per cent of an average crop. Farmers, excepting those who have

will have seventy five per cent of an average crop. Farmers, excepting those who have not lost all feel good, as they expect higher prices on the reduced crop.

DODGE COUNTY.

FREMONT, Neb., August 4.—The wheat crop now being threshed will perhaps average ten bushels per acre and is of good quality. Oats are turning out well. The corn crop suffered a good deal from dry weather and the yield has evidently been cut down. The crop will not be more than eighty per cent of an average yield. The present rains have helped it some, but they have as yet not been heavy enough to overcome the drawback from the drouth. Farmers are not dicouraged. They are cheered by the advance in prices.

are cheered by the advance in prices.
NORTH BEND, Neb., August 4.—The aver age yield of wheat in this vicinity is about ten bushels per acre and of extra good quality. The recent rains have been a great help to the growing corn; however, good judges do not look for over 60 per cent of an average crop.

FILLMORE COUNTY.

EXETER, Neb., August 4.—Wheat will average twelve to eighteen bushels and of good quality. The recent rains helped the corn some and the estimate is for a half crop, but with a half crop and double prices farmers will be better off than with the immense crop and low prices of last year. and low prices of last year.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.
BLOOMINGTON, Neb., August 4.—Wheat will average eighteen bushels to acre in the county. The best in quality ever raised in the county. Rain has insured an average crop of corn, Other crops an average. Farm-ers are jubliant since the rain. We had a heavy rain last night.

BEATHICE, Neb., August 4.—Winter wheat is turning out well. There is a larger acreage and better crop than last year. It will average fourteen bushels per acre. Not much spring wheat raised. The rains of last week have helped corn, and its condition is fair. The crop will average at least 60 per cent of a good crop, and make a yield of perhaps thirty bushels per acre. Oats and flax have made a good crop and are in good condition. Farmers feel somewhat encouraged now over

mers feel somewhat encouraged now over crops and prices.

BLUE SPHINOS, Neb., August 4.—The wheat crop will probably average about ten bushels, and the quality is good. We have had no rain since June 25. Corn will not yield twenty bushels to the acre and that will be of poor quality. The cat crop is the best, and a greater average yield than ever before in Gage county. Farmers cannot help feeling somewhat blue over the discouraging prospect. prospect.

prospect.

HOLT COUNTY.

O'NEIL, Neb., August 4.—Wheat will yield about afteen bushels to the acre. Quality fair. The recent rain has benefitted corn to a wonderful extent. It is now in first-class condition and will yield from forty to seventy bushels per acre. In some places the early corn will not be a full crop, but the general average is better than for some years. Other crops are in good condition. Farmers, though disappointed with the small grain crop, are well satisfied with the prospects for corn.

STUART, Neb., August 4.—Corn in this section with exception of that on high land, has not been injured by the drougth. The recent rain has put corn out of all danger, All other crops will be more than an average. Corn will yield thirty to fifty bushels per acre. Farmers feel jubilant over the prospects of all kinds of croos,

KNOX COUNTY

pects of all kinds of croos.

KNOX COUNTY
CREIGHTON, Neb., August 4.—Wheat will yield from ten to eighteen bushels and oats about thirty to forty. The recent rains will insure an average corn crop. All crops now look well. The north part of this county has had no rain to help it out as yet, and corn will not be over half a crop. We have had several good rains, which will insure a fair crop. Farmers are more appearanced than here. Farmers are more encouraged than be fore the rain.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

LINCOLN, Neb., August 4.—The yield of wheat in this locality is light but quality excellent. There has not been, as yet, rains sufficient to improve the prospects of the corn crop materially, and it is in poor condi-tion. Present indications point to half a crop and the situation is not regarded as in crop and the situation is not regarded as in any way promising.

MERIBICK COUNTY.

CENTRAL CITY, Neb., August 4.—The quality and yield of wheat are much better than expected. The average yield will run fourteen bushels and will grade No. 2. Corn is all right and will make a full average crop. Oats are good in quality and there is the average amount raised. Farmers generally are happy in the expectation of a bountiful yield of all kinds of grain.

NEMAHA COUNTY.

yield of all kinds of grain.

NEMAHA COUNTY.

AUBURN, Neb., August 4.—Rains have helped corn some but not much. Some is suffering and some is past all help. Late corn would be greatly benefitted by more rain. The yield will be two-thirds of a crop. Other crops are mostly harvested in good shape. The ears of corn are small and not tilled out. Farmers are looking blue. Those having old corn will come out all right. Wheat goes about twenty bushels to the acre. It is of fair quality.

OTOE COUNTY.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., August 4.—Wheat will average about afteen bushels to the acre; quality good. Recent rains have helped

corn, and if more comes we will have two-thirds of a crop. Oils see better than they have ever been. Barley is rull yield and bright. Parmers of Obe county are well satisfied.

satisfied.

Columbus, Neb., August 4.—Wheat will yleid from fitteen to twenty bushels to the acre. There is fear that the local rains will spoil some of it if they continue. Barley was never better in our locality. Corn is soing to to be a fair crop, probably forty bushels to the acre. The recent, rains have brought the corn out very well. Farmers expect about 50 per cent of a corn crop. They are feeling very good. The potato crop is good. All other crops are first class. Rains are preventing farmers from threshing at present.

present.

PLATTE CENTER, August 4.—Wheat will yield sixteen bushels per here, and it will be of good quality if we do not get too much rain to rot it in the shock. Corn is now look-rain to rot it in the shock. rain to rot it in the shock. Corn is now looking fine and we will have an average crop, as the rain fall was beneficial. Never in the history of Platte county was there a better crop of barley. Oats will be an average crop, Hay will be short, but quite an acreage of tame grass was sown this June and looks well. Farmers are happy and look for good prices and good crops,

SALINE COUNTY.

CRETE, Neb., August 4.—The yield of wheat in this county will be twelve to fifteen bushels per acre, superior in quality to any raised in recent years. Rain has helped the corn materially. Early, well formed corn is very little damaged. The present indications point to a yield nearly up to an average crop. Tame grasses are superb. Flax, oats, and special crops are all fine.

special crops are all fine.

SARPY COUNTY.

PAPILLION, Neb., August 4.—Very little wheat is grown in this county. The yield this year is fully twenty bushels per acre; quality good. Recent rains have apparently benefited corn greatly, but many good farmers say the rain came too late; that on early corn the pollen had ripened and scattered befors the ears were ready to receive it. Late planted corn is past redemption. From interviews with over two hundred farmers I cannot place an average of over twenty bushinterviews with over two hundred farmers I cannot place an average of over twenty bushels of corn per acre in the whole county. This year's oat crop is far above the average. Springfield, Neb., August 4.—The wheat in this section is excellent in quality and will average fifteen bushels. The rain of last Thursday and this morning has been of inestimable value to our crop of corn. The corn looks refreshed, and notwithstanding the damaging drouth of six weeks fully half a crop is anticipated. Oats are better than a crop is anticipated. Oats are better than they have been for years, and will average forty bushels, a good many fields yielding slxty to sixty-five bushels. Rye also is good.

STANTON COUNTY.

STANTON, Neb., August 4.—Wheat will yield from seven to eight bushels per acre. The quality is good, and recent rains have helped corn very much. Some that was late planted is no good. The yield will be about three quarters of an average control of the planted is no good. three-quarters of an average crop. Oats will be about three-quarters of an average. Bar-ley and rye will average well. Farmers are not at all despondent.

not at all despondent.

SAUNDERS COUNTY.

ASHLAND, Neb., August 4.—Wheat has probably yielded from ten to fifteen bushels per acre in this vicinity. The recent rains do not seem to help corn very much because it came too late. The corn, which it does help, will be late and soft. The yield, according to the opinion of many of our best farmers, will be about 50 per cent. Farmers who have old corn held over are in good spirits, but those in poor circumstances feel anything but joyful.

VALPARAISO, Neb., August 4.-Wheat is Valparaiso, Neb., August 4.—Wheat is rather poor in quality and will make about six or eight bushels per acre. The rains have benefited corn crop atid the condition is very good, considering dry, weather. The yield will not be above forty-sive bushels in the very best fields. Other crops are not very good; about 60 pet cent. of an average corn crop. Farmers are feeling pretty well since the rains, knowing that they are as well off as any part of the combet and are likely to get good prices. There is, a pretty good supply of old corn in this county yet.

Walloo, Neb., August 4.—Owing to injury by chinch bugs the yield and quality of wheat are poor. The accent rains have saved the corn crop from rain. There will be about sixty per cent of an average crop. Oats are

sixty per cent of an average crop. Outs are being threshed and are yielding well—a full average and the quality is excellent. Grass is coming out under the influence of the fine rains and will make excellent fall pasture. The farmers are feeling very weil at the outlook, the present price of corn contributing thereto.

therete.

THAYER COUNTY.

BELVIDERE, Neby, Adverst 4.—The wheat crop is of an inferior quality and will not yield over 40 per cent of an average crop. A shower of rain fell Monday night, the first for about five weeks. The earliest corn will not receive much benefit from the rain and the yield will works. yield will probably not exceed one-halt an average crop. The farmers seem to think the price of grain will be high enough to make

up for the poor crop.

CHESTER, Neb., August 4.—Wheat and oats are about 25 per cent below an average crop. Occasional rains during the past two weeks have helped our corn crop out amazingly. The general opinion expressed by farmers is that they will have almost an average crop although some say that 75 peraverage crop, although some say that 75 per-cent is all that can be safely counted upon. FRIEDENSAU, Neb., August 4.—Wheat and oats are in the stack and will be about an oats are in the stack and will be about an average crop. Corn has been somewhat damaged by drought, but will make two-thirds of an average crop if sufficient rain is given us during the following month.

Hebrox, Neb., August 4.—This section was visited by a good shower of rain—the first in five weeks—Monday evening, which convents to my sufficient and sentents. somewhat revived vegetation. Wheat and outs were seriously damaged by bugs and will not yield over one-third to one-half an average crop. Corn is damaged already by drought to the extent of 50 per cent, but with abundant rains from now on it will make some corn—without rain it will be nothing

YORK COUNTY.
YORK, Neb., August 4.—The probable yield of wheat will be small and the quality poor. The recent rains have redeemed the corn crop, and early corn will be a fair average, and on the whole through this county will be about seventy-five per cent of a crop. Oats and flax are good. Farmers are feeling a lit-tle brighter, the late rains and advance in the

price of corn having been a Godsend.
WASHINGTON COUNTY.
BLAIR, Neb., August 4.—The yield of wheat in this county will be equal to the yield of any year in the last six years, and the quality much better than for a number of years. The recent rains have materially improved the corn crop and will make the yield on an av-erage of about two-thirds of a crop. Farmers are generally feeling hopeful over the present

IT LOOKS BLUE FOR BLACK.

The Resignation of the Commissioner of Pensions Called For. WASHINGTON, August 4.— Special Tele gram to the BEE.]-There is every prospect that when congress assembles again the senate will be called upon to confirm another commissioner of pensions. General Black, who at present holds that office, has gone to California to attend the G. A. R. encampment and at the same time secure, if possible, a vindication of his course in running the pension office. But it seems as if that vindication was to be denied him for his action in regard to the old soldiers in his department have not gained him many friends. But threatens to the smore serious yet is that the president is about to quest his resignation as commissioner of pensions. A personal friend of General Black, in talking about the president's action, says that Genera! Black is aware of the situation because it was told him before he left for California. The various orders in regard to the running of the pension bureau, such as curtailing the powers of appointment and dismissal, have been only forerunners of this last request. The president is tired of the continual mistakes by General Black and the odium brought on the administration by his intense partisanshipi This friend of General Black said he could not state the exact time of General Black's retirement, but it was not far distant,

Wants Her \$300.

The case of Vianna V. U. Perkirs vs M. F. Martin and the Bank of Omaha was argued before Judge McCulloch yesterday. It was a replevin suit brought to recover \$300 deposited in the Bank of Omaha to be paid as an installment to M. F. Martin on a house which he had contracted to build for her at the corner of Nineteenth and Dodge streets. She al-leges that the house was not built accord-ing to contract, therefore the replevin action. The evidence in the case was of a spicy nature. The decision will rendered to morrow.

A CHADRON CRIMINAL KILLED THE MEXICAN OFFICIALS ON CUTTING

Smith, the Slayer of Hamlin, Assassinated In Arisona.

PROMINENT CITIZEN DIES.

Professor Jones, of Fremont, Suddenly Stricken Down-A Sketch of His Career-A York Min-Ister Goes Wrong.

Murderer Smith Murdered. CHADRON, Neb., August 4 .- | Special to the BEE.]-Information has been received here that John H. Smith, alias John H. Morrell was shot and killed a few days ago near the Planchas de Plata mine, in Sonora, elchteen miles southwest of Nogales, Arizona, by George Miles, alias Balley. Smith was under indictment at Valentine, together with several other men, for the killing of Hamilton a stock inspector, in 1883, Smith, who was the ringleader, and the other parties, with one exception, all fled the country immediately upon learning of the indictment. About the 8th of July last, Smith, who had been traced to Arizona, was arrested at Nogales, but soon escaped from his guards, the information being received in Omaha just as the sheriff from Valentine reached there with the intention of proceeding to Arizona and bringing him back for trial. John Pierce and young Danielson, of Chadron, indicted with Smith, are still at large. Carter who was sheriff at Valentine, and who was also indicted, is still at Valentine, it being under stood that the indictment against him is to be nolled at the proper time. Smith carried on the trade of tobacconist

Smith carried on the trade of tobacconist at Nogales under the assumed name of Morrel. After his escape from his guards in the hotel, where he had been placed under arrest, to await the coming of the Valentine sheriff, he crossed the line into Sonora. Miles, the man who killed him, says he was going to look at some mines and stopped at a cabin, when he met face to face with Morrell, who had said he would kill him on sight, and the shooting began.

Smith in his ante-mortem statement said that Miles came to the cabin while he was

that Miles came to the cabin while he was taking a siesta and commenced shooting at him. Miles was unhurt, but the horse he rode was shot in the jaw. The body of Smith was brought into the Mexican side of the city and an inquiry held. The Mexican authorities held Miles for murder. The body of. Smith after the inquest was turned over to his American friends and buried.

A Good Man Gone.

FREMONT, Neb., August 4.- (Special to the BEE. |-Deep and widespread sorrow prevails here to-day on account of the sudden death of Professor W. P. Jones, president of the Fremout Normal and Business college. During the past year he has suffered a great deal from rheumatism. He has recently partially recovered, and a few days ago he went to Fullerton to visit with his son. He was suddenly struck down at that place yesterday his remains arriving here at 3:40 this after noon. Professor Jones was about sixty years old, and has led an active and useful life, He devoted thirty or forty years to educational and literary work, in both of which he gained a high reputation. For several years he was on the editorial staff of the Chicago Inter Ocean, and distinguished himself by his able management of the"Curiosity Shop and literary department of that paper. He also, at one time, figured in polities, and for four years, during the administration of President Grant, represented the United States at Canton, China. Three years ago he came to Fremont and founded the Fremont Normal and Business college. Through his energy and ambition he soon had the school on its feet and in good running order. Young as it is, there is probably no better known institution in Nebraska, and certainly none anywhere that has grown more rapidly from the very beginning, all of which is due to his activity and unbounded confidence in the work and future of Nebraska. The college was built by our citizens and turned over to him with the agreement that at the end of ten years it should become his, provided it was kept in continuous use for school purposes. What arrangements will now be made remains to be seen. It is probable, however, that his also, at one time, figured in polities, and for It is probable, however, that wife, who is in many respects a remarkable woman and in whom he always had a valuable assistant, will continue the management of the college. Besides his widow the deceased leaves two children, W. G. Jones, of Fullerton, and Miss Lydia Jones, a teacher in the college. His death is a loss not only to Frement, but to the state. in the college. His death is to Fremont, but to the state.

A Bad Pastor Expelled.

York, Neb., August 4 .- [Special to the Bee.]—A sensation has been created here by the expulsion of Rev. T. J. Burton from the pastorate of the Christian church at this place. There has been considerable strife for the past year between the pastor and members, a number of prominent gentlemen leaving the church. Numerous charges have been circulated of late against Mr. Burton, in which he was charged with immorality and other crimes unbecoming a minister of the gospel and a gentleman. A church trial, or investigation, was held, lasting all of last week. Evidence was placed before the committee charging the good brother with undue familiarity with several female members of his congregation to the number of thirteer To these charges, a number of them made b the ladies themselves, the pastor made no de fense, and on Sunday evening was expelled from the church and from the ministry, and the fellowship of the brethren withdrawn from him. Mr. Burton has an estimable family and an invalid wife, who have the heart-felt sympathy of everyone in the church and out of it. Burton will probably leave the

Kearney After Street Cars. KEARNEY, Neb., August 4.-[Special Tele gram to the BEE.]-The city council to-day passed an ordinance calling an election August 17, for the purpose of voting on the proposition granting a franchise to the Kearney street railway company. The company i organized by the wealthlest and most influ ential citizens, who mean to build quite an amount of the line this fall yet. The com pany intend to construct four milles of line now. This adds one more to the big enter prises Kearney is pushing this year.

Depot Burned. DENISON, Ia., August 4-[Special to the BEE.] -Late Monday night fire broke out in the Northwestern railroad depot. The fire origade responded promptly and fought the flames for several bours, succeeding in confining them to the depot proper, which was entirely consumed. The books, papers and cash in office were saved. Freight valued at \$200 was destroyed. Ed. Owens, one of the firemen, was hurt by a grappling book.

The Time of Adjournment. WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.- The president telegraphed Senator Beck in reply to an inquiry that congress can consult its own con-

quiry that congress can consult its own conveniences in regard to the time of adjournment, but he prefers not to come to the capitol if the necessity could be avoided. Senator Allison thinks adjournment will take place at 11 o'clock to-night.

MR. ROUNDS AND HIS FUTURE HOME.

Public Printer Rounds says he grudges the time until he shall be relieved from his present duties and located in Omaha. He is very enthusiastic about the metropolis of Nebraska. He says it reminds him of what Chicago was thirty years ago, and thinks it will ultimately be the largest city west or south of Chicago. He says he has asked to be relieved not later than September 15, but hopes his successor will be appointed and qualified two weeks sooner if possible.

POSTMASTERS APPOINTED.

Mrs. Mary J. Kezar was to-day appointed postmistress at Star, Holtcounty, vice Chas. H. Foss. Also the following in Iowa: W. C. Bruin, Tara, Webster county, vice Rose Donagher, resigned: John Haver, Tingley, Hergzold county, vice Miss E. Peace, deceased.

The New Cabinet's First Meeting LONDON, August 4.- The new cabinet to-day holding its first meeting. A large crowd of people surrounded the Downing street office and cheered the members as they GRAND ISLAND'S GROWTH

President Diaz and the Minister of the Interior State Their Side Remarkable Activity In the Building and of the Story. Mercautile Lines.

CITY OF MEXICO, via, Galveston, August

4.—Popular sentiment has been so thorough-ly arroused here over Editor Cutting's case

the reflections on the Mexican court in Paso

del Norte, crossing the river to this side him-

self to circulate the paper. He was there

upon arrested in a proper, legal form and put

in jail. He was treated with even more con-

The minister was asked it he thought the

judge had acted in good faith.

He replied: "I do; and for that very reason the executive power here could not, on a demand from the United States government,

set aside the judicial power. The government here considered that Cutting had not only infringed the code of the state of Chihuahua,

which makes offenses against its citizens committed on foreign terrifory punishable by its courts, but had also committed an offense on this side of the line by refusing, without giving any reason, to recognize the demands of the judge, using insulting language to that official and it was

usulting language to that official, and it was

clear that the circulating of a statement de-rogatory to the court on this side of the river

onstituted a clear case of offense against the

serve.
The president also mentioned Captair

The president also mentioned Captain Crawford's case, wherein the investigation made by his "good friend General Sheridan, always animated by kindly sentiments toward Mexico," proved that the shooting was the result of a misunderstanding on the part of the Mexican troops. He also mentioned several cases in which he had personally gone further than was absolutely necessary in order to avoid baying

necessary in order to avoid having unpleasant differences with the United States government. President Dia-said he deplored the tone o

ertain sections of both the American an

Mexican press, adding: "Our government is certainly acting in good faith in this matter,

ly with the progressive oses of his administration, neerely hoped nothing

occur to mar the friendship of the two pe

ple living under the same form of govern-ment and animated by kindly sentiments to

ward each other. He was glad to be able to

present his views in this matter to the Amer

can people.

During the entire interview the Mexican

statesmen expressed themselves with the ut most moderation and good sense.

Cutting's Trial Postponed. El. Paso, Tex., August 4.—The trial of

Cutting, set for this morning, was again post-poned until this morning. The Associated

Press news to-morrow has produced gen-

eral confidence in the general government

at Washington, and everyone here awaits

THE COAST CAMPERS.

in San Francisco.

The reading occupied one hour and forty minutes and was listened to with marked at-

the comrades from shores where the May-ilower landed to the Golden Gate. His refer-ences to Generals Grant, McClellan and

Hancock were cheered. The report showed that 3,020 comrades died during the past year and 20,543 joined. The cash balance on hand is \$300,000.

G. A. R. Referred to the committee on rules and regulations.

After a recess at three o'clock Department Commander Sayles of New York presented the department of California an elegant banner and album. The latter contains photographs or the present and past postcommanders of New York. A handsome gavel was presented in return by California to New York.

Over some trouble which had arisen re

Over some trouble which had arisen respecting alternates the committee on resolutions reported that no connell of the administration had the right to fill vacancies in any delegation. This particularly affected the New York delegation, whose vacancies had, as alleged, been filled by the counsel of administration by men who were neither alternates nor delegates. The resolution was warmly debated and finally amended to read. "No council of aministration shall elect any counted not an alternate to fill a vacancy till the alternate list is exhausted." Adopted by a large majority.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

Fixing the Boundary,

has prevented the British and Russian mem-

bers of the Afghan boundary commission

from arriving at an agreement has been set-

tled and the work of the commission is draw-ing to a conclusion.

LONDON, August 4.- The difference which

tention and frequently applaude The address was an cloque tribute to the sentiment which call

said

thy

his liberty.

Then it is for these reasons that you have

sideration than Mexican criminals.

and the press comments thereon, that a rep-Thayer - Political Schemes resentative of the associated press called to and Budding Candidates. day at Castle Chapultepec to get the views of President Diaz and Senor Romero Rubio, minister of the interior, who GRAND ISLAND, Neb., August 4 .- [Coris visiting at the castle. The latter respondence of the BEE |-An elastic consaid that he was happy to present the facts in science and an ambitious soul create wonthe case to the press, and entered into a very derful possibilities. Grand Island people full review of it from the beginning. He are just now cherishing the idea that they stated Cutting's offense, and his character live in a town more densely populated and that of Senor Medina, and went into an than there big sister, Hastings, and in this elaborate explanation of Mexico's right to ar rivalry they evince and enterprise born rest Cutting from a legal point of view. only of revenge. But for all that the Cutting, said the minister, having been commanded by the court to make an town is growing, booming right along, and if there were ever any bones within apology, did so in his El Paso newspaper, but the city's limits they have long ago ratworded it so as to make it an insult to the court. This newspaper, although published tled their way to glory, and new life, enin the United States, Cutting knew to be cirterprise, and vim have taken hold of every culated in Paso del Norte, on the Mexican citizen. In proof of this there is abundside of the Rio Grande, and he took ant evidence on every hand. pains to circulate the issue containing NEW BUILDINGS.

New Railroad Feeders For the Town

- Hall County Hurrahing for

Probably the largest and most expensive building now in course of construction is the new structure Independent block, being built by Hon. Fred Hedde, of the Independent newspaper. The dimensions are 66x00 three stories high. The newspaper office of Mr. Hedde will be in the basement. The G. A. R. hall will be another beautiful and substantial block 44x80, two stories high. There are block 44x80, two stories high. There are at the present time some three hundred frame buildings going up. The most handsome of these is the new home of O. A. Abbott. The cost of his house is estimated at \$12,000. I walked out to look at his premises and found all the surroundings beautiful and inviting. There are also lifteen brick buildings to be finished before "snow flies." Such a great amount of building gives employment to amount of building gives employment to all men who would otherwise be idle, consequently the town is enjoying a

"Then it is for these reasons that you have refused to grant an unconditional release?"

"Yes; the government here has forwarded a very full report of the case to Washington, where it has been submitted to congress.

President Diaz then entered the apartment and expressed gratification at meeting a representative of the Associated Press of the United States, and extended a cordial greeting. The president said: "I presume you have had from Minister Romero Rubio a full explanation of the case and an abstract of the grounds for our action, and I will only say that I have just received a letter from the chief justice of Chihuahua giving a resume of the procedure of the case. There are many cases on the border where men commit unlawful acts in Mexico and, after getting into trouble with the law, plead their American citizenship to shield them from the punishment they deserve. healthy and substantial boom. NEW RAILROADS.

The Union Pacific railroad is being built north of St. Paul, and the B. & M. n pushing on to Sherman county, with Grand Island the initial point. This has caused many branch stores to be started on these lines by Grand Island mer-chants, adding to her other business that of several wholesale stores. Because of the superior railroad facilities, a new whoiceale fruit store will soon be opened by Messrs. Bokoven & Stott, of Philadelphia.
As this town is the home of

GENERAL THAYER, every voter, regardless of politics, is for the general. He will secure his delegation with a grand hurrah, as no man in the county Islands higher, politically, socially or otherwise, than General Thaver.

J. N. Paul has some little following here as a possible second choice, but since Monday's discussion in the BEE I believe he is losing strength. There has recently been organized

what they choose to term a "Young Man's Republican club," and while its object ostensibly is to keep perfect the organization of the republican party, knowing ones tell me that its real object is to work to the end of defeating Sena-tor Van Wyck. How much weight is attached to this last proposition I am not prepared to say. It looks, however, as though its object had been guessed.

certainly acting in good faith in this matter, being only desirous of having justice done. It is a matter for the calm consideration of the two governments, not influenced by popular clamor. He said it was ridiculous to suppose, as had been charzed in some newspapers, that the United States government was making a pretext of the Uniting case to enter on war, for the United States would not do so without first having got in readiness. President Diaz did not believe that the American people were hostile to Mexleo. On the contrary, he had found the best class of Americans in cordial sympathy with the progressive pur-PROBABLE CANDIDATES.
Prominently mentioned as candidates,
I heard the names of Geo. Thummel, O.
A. Abbott and Judge Harrison, mentioned as legislators from the republican side. On the democratic side Judge Platt is regarded as a war horse. The soldiers' reunion so near at hand, seems to absorb all other matters, and for once in the history of Hall county politics aro insidered a secondary matter.

Last year when the sheriff was elected there was a lesson taught the republican party. It learned that it was suicidal to place a "monopoly" candidate in the field. The combined strength of the democrats and anti-monopolists is sufficient to defeat the straight ticket, and in their nominations this year, the republi-cans will doubtless select a candidate who will be acceptable to the anti-monopoly wing of the republican partythereby gaining a victory.

AL. FAIRBROTHER. WILL MEET HASTINGS AGAIN. The Union Pacifics and the Reds Will

with anxiety the action of the house upon Meet Again-Other Sporting Notes. the Cutting resolutions. The recent mass meeting here lacked harmony, and was cal-culated to arouse the anger of the Mexicans across the river, and in fact some of the speakers caused our Mexican neighbors to fear mob force for the purpose of liberating Cutting. It is rumored that Cutting will re-ceive a heavy sentence, and that President Dlaz will at once pardon him and give him his liberty. Admirers of the national game in Omaha will find especial interest in the announcement that a return game has been arranged between the Union Pacifics and the Hastings Reds, to take place at Athletic park on Sunday next. There is no doubt but this will be the most exciting game that has ever been played on the home grounds. The rivalry between the clubs that was started last Grand Meeting of the Grand Army season has increesed, and the status of SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4.—The encamp-ment of the Grand Army of the Republic this season's contests—a game for each club - will make the comconvened this morning at 10 o'clock, in the ing game an unusually exciting Odd Fellows' hall, for the transaction of business. The sessions lasts three days. The selection of the next encampment place and the election of officers will be the first business considered. one. Hastings people are yelling themselves hoarse over their success of last Sunday, and several hundred Hastings people will be here to witness The attendance was so great that alternate the deciding game. The Union Pacifics will be in their best shape. Jones, of the were requested to withdraw until the regular delegates had been assigned their places. The location of the various commanders were designated by banners bearing the name of their state. The hall was handsomely Binghamton (N. Y.) nine, one of the best second basemen in the country, will be here in time for the game. Salisbury is now in good trim and will pitch. The game was arranged by a chance circumdecorated with flags and flowers. After prayer by Captain Stewart of Ohio, Com-mander Burdett read his annual address.

> lates, and made arrangements with the Hastings team for a return game. SPORTING SPLINTERS.
>
> George Kay went to Lincoln yesterday to make arrangements for a game with the Lincoln club a week from Sunday next. The Hastings will have another

> stance. The Leadvilles were booked to meet the Union Pacifics next Sunday, but

as the visiting insisted on bringing a

western league umpire with them Mana-ger Kay, of the home team, cancelled the

When the reading of the report was finished three cheers were given for the com-mander-in-chief. At the close of the reading of the report General Sherman was invited to take a seat on the platform, but he asked permission to remain with his Missouri dele-gation. opportunity to rattle the Union Pacifics on the latter day. It seems doubtful whether Pat Kane, of Columbus, can be induced to meet Clow. It would seem that there are enough boxers lying around loose in the country to enable Omaha sports to select a for-man worthy of John P.'s two ounce After the regular committees were appointed, Corporal Tanner read letters from Colonel Fred Grant for membership in the G. A. R. Referred to the committee on rules

gloves. Several sporting men are doing all they can to settle up Dan J. Ross's trouble and start him again on the right road. He has a faithful, industrious wife and for her much sympathy is practically

Tuesday Duncan Ross matched a big burley Canadian against Paddy Ryan for a light to a finish in Chicago, the stakes to be \$2,000. Parson Davies backed Ryan. While Ross was absent from Davics sa-loon the Canadian and Ryan got into a war of words on their respective abilities and an adjournment to a neighboring alley was had to settle the difficulty.

took Ryan about two minutes to make the Canadian look as if he had passed through a sausage mill. The \$2,000 won't come off now. He Was a Cigarmaker. Later information gives the name of

the young man who was run over at Grand Island, yesterday, by the St. Jou & Western road, as McMahon. He was a resident of Chicago, and had passed through Omaha but a few days before He was a member of the Cigarmakers union. He was horribly mangled.